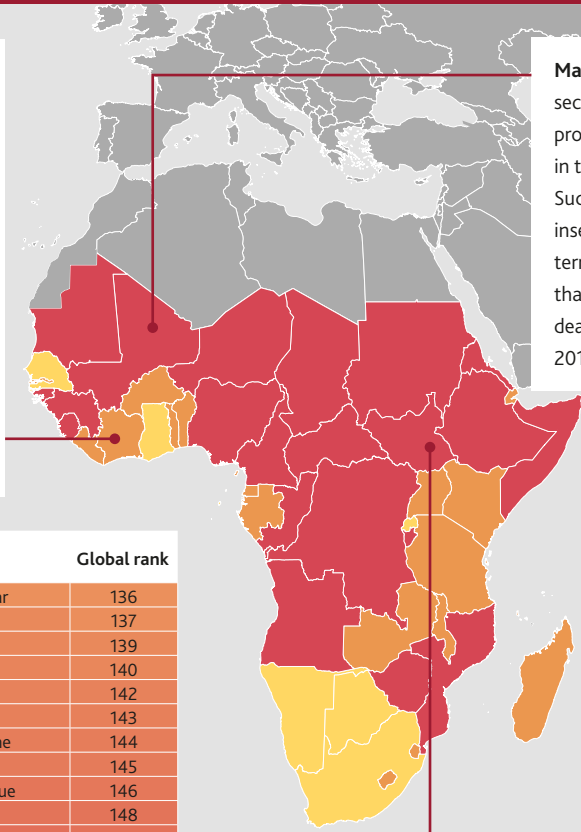


Sub-Saharan Africa (7th)

Côte d'Ivoire (120th) has experienced the greatest improvement in its prosperity of any country in the world in the past decade. It has seen major improvements in all pillars apart from Personal Freedom and Natural Environment, rising 24 places in the global rankings as a result. It has made particularly strong progress in Economic Quality since 2011, with high-tech manufactured exports more than doubling as a share of total exports.

Mali (151st) has seen the second greatest deterioration in prosperity in sub-Saharan Africa in the last decade, after South Sudan. Ongoing and widespread insecurity has seen the number of terrorism deaths increase more than tenfold from one to 25 deaths per million people since 2011.

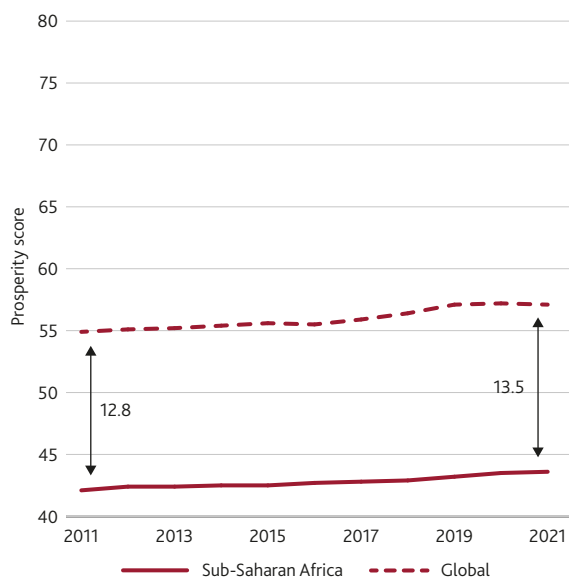


Country	Global rank	Country	Global rank
Mauritius	45	Madagascar	136
Seychelles	50	Togo	137
Cabo Verde	80	Liberia	139
Botswana	82	Guinea	140
South Africa	85	Zimbabwe	142
Namibia	92	Nigeria	143
São Tomé and Príncipe	98	Sierra Leone	144
Ghana	99	Ethiopia	145
Rwanda	104	Mozambique	146
Senegal	105	Niger	148
Kenya	112	Cameroon	149
The Gambia	116	Guinea-Bissau	150
Tanzania	117	Mali	151
Benin	119	Congo	152
Côte d'Ivoire	120	Mauritania	153
Djibouti	122	Angola	156
Zambia	124	Burundi	157
Gabon	125	Sudan	159
Uganda	127	Democratic Republic of Congo	160
Malawi	129	Somalia	161
Comoros	130	Eritrea	162
Eswatini	131	Chad	164
Equatorial Guinea	132	Central African Republic	166
Burkina Faso	134	South Sudan	167
Lesotho	135		

South Sudan (167th) is the least prosperous country in the world. War and civil conflict have persistently troubled this country, resulting in large numbers of refugees. There are almost 200,000 refugees in South Sudan per million inhabitants.

Mauritius (45th) is the most prosperous country in sub-Saharan Africa. It ranks in the top 50 for seven of the Index's 12 pillars.

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA AND GLOBAL PROSPERITY



SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA PILLAR CHANGE, 2011-2021

